

**Correction to
Lancet Glob Health 2021;
published online
Dec 15. [https://doi.org/10.1016/S2214-109X\(21\)00506-4](https://doi.org/10.1016/S2214-109X(21)00506-4)**

Middleton DRS, Mmbada BT, Menya D, et al. Alcohol consumption and oesophageal squamous cell cancer risk in east Africa: findings from the large multicentre ESCCAPE case-control study in Kenya, Tanzania, and Malawi. *Lancet Glob Health* 2021; published online Dec 15. [https://doi.org/10.1016/S2214-109X\(21\)00506-4](https://doi.org/10.1016/S2214-109X(21)00506-4)—in this Article, the third sentence of the fourth paragraph of the Results should read “In Kenya, the ORs of developing ESCC associated with ever versus never drinking was 4.17 (95% CI 2.56–6.90) in men and 1.80 (0.94–3.44) in women, in Tanzania the ORs were 2.95 (95% CI 1.57–5.67) in men and 1.11 (0.47–2.65) in women...”. These corrections have been made as of Dec 22, 2021.

**Correction to
Lancet Glob Health 2021;
9: e1679–87**

Menzies NA, Quaipe M, Allwood BW, et al. Lifetime burden of disease due to incident tuberculosis: a global reappraisal including post-tuberculosis sequelae. *Lancet Glob Health* 2021; 9: e1679–87—In this Article, the grant numbers for the funding from Horizon 2020 and EDCTP have been added to the acknowledgments section. This correction has been made as of Feb 15, 2022.



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